

ABSTRACT

~~A method and an embedded system for verifying a request to certify a public key (Kp) generated by an embedded system with the identifier (SN_i).~~

For a set (Lk) of embedded systems, an authorized operator with the identifier (OP_j) ~~configures the embedded systems and~~ creates (1001) a mother public key (KpM) and a mother private key (KsM). The identifier (OP_j), the range of identifiers referenced (Lk) and the mother public key (KpM) are published (1002). For each embedded system (SN_i), a diversified key (KsM_i) is created from the identifier (SN_i) and stored (1003) ~~in read and write protected storage~~. For every public key (Kp) generated by an embedded system, a cryptographic control value (Sc_i) is calculated (1006) on the public key (Kp), an algorithm identifier (CA1) and the utilization parameters (U) of this key, using a zero knowledge signature algorithm, and a certification request message (MRCA) that includes the control value (Sc_i), the identifier of the operator (Op_j), and the identifier (SN_i) is transmitted to a certification authority, which retrieves the identifier (Op_j) (1009) and the value of the mother public key (KpM) (1011). ~~A verification (1012) of the message (MRCA) from the mother public key (KpM) and from the identifier of the embedded system (Sn_i) makes it possible to be sure that the request to certify a public key (Kp) and the utilization of the latter actually originates from an embedded component capable of limiting the use of this key.~~

Fig. 2a.